510(k) SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCE DETERMINATION **DECISION SUMMARY** ASSAY ONLY TEMPLATE

	KO)43571
B.	Pu	rpose for Submission:
	Cle	earance of a new assay
C.	Mo	easurand:
	Fu	nctional Protein S
D.	Ту	pe of Test:
	Clo	otting Assay
E.	Ap	pplicant:
	Pre	ecision BioLogic Inc.
F.	Pr	oprietary and Established Names:
	CR	RYOcheck TM Clot S TM
G.	Re	gulatory Information:
	1.	Regulation section:
		21 CFR 864.7290
	2.	<u>Classification:</u>
		Class II
	3.	Product code:
		GGP
	4.	Panel:
		81

A. 510(k) Number:

H. Intended Use:

1. <u>Intended use(s):</u>

Cryo*CHECK*TM Clot STM is a clot based assay intended for the quantitative determination of protein S activity in citrated human plasma.

2. Indication(s) for use:

Cryo*CHECK*TM Clot STM is used to diagnose protein S deficiency (congenital or acquired) which is indicative of an increased risk of thromboembolism. A deficiency in protein S may produce recurrent thrombotic episodes.

3. Special conditions for use statement(s):

4. Special instrument requirements:

I. Device Description:

The Cryo*CHECK*TM Clot STM assay consists of Protein S Deficient Plasma which is derived from citrated pooled normal human plasma that has been depleted of protein S by immunoadsorption, and Clot S Activator, which contains activated protein C, Russell's viper venom, heparin neutralizing agents, buffers and stabilizers. The assay also requires Precision BioLogic Cot C & S Diluent which is available separately.

J. Substantial Equivalence Information:

1. Predicate device name(s):

Diagnostica Stago STA®-Staclot® Protein S

2. Predicate 510(k) number(s):

K913424

3. Comparison with predicate:

Similarities					
Item	Device	Predicate			
Intended Use	Quantitative	same			
	measurement of				

Similarities					
Item	Device	Predicate			
	functional Protein S				
Method	Clot based	same			

Differences					
Item	Device	Predicate			
Format	Frozen	Lyophilized			

K. Standard/Guidance Document Referenced (if applicable):

L. Test Principle:

The CryoCHECKTM Clot S^{TM} assay initiates the common pathway of the coagulation cascade through the Clot S Activator reagent. The Russell's viper venom (RVV-X) in the activator converts factor X to Xa in the presence of activated protein C (APC), bypassing all factors above the common pathway. When mixed with protein S deficient plasma, samples from patients with a protein S deficiency or dysfunction will have shortened CryoCHECKTM Clot S^{TM} clotting times relative to samples with normal levels of functional protein S. The clotting time is proportional to the amount of functional protein S in the patient's plasma which is quantified using a calibration curve.

M. Performance Characteristics (if/when applicable):

1. Analytical performance:

a. Precision/Reproducibility:

Intra-assay precision was determined by testing one normal sample, and one sample closes to the clinically critical decision point 20 times each, and calculating %CV. Results – Normal 3.9%, Abnormal 8.2%.

Inter-assay precision was determined by testing one normal sample and one abnormal sample over seven days. Seven different calibration curves and two different operators were used. On days 1-6 each sample was run 5X in sequence. On day 7 each sample was run 20X in sequence. Results –Normal 8.7%CV, Abnormal 11.2% CV.

b. Linearity/assay reportable range:

Aliquots of a normal plasma sample with a high protein S level was diluted in

protein S deficient plasma to produce a series of samples with known protein S values. The samples were tested with the Cryo*CHECK*TM Clot STM assay in four replicates and the protein S values were determined. Results demonstrated linearity between 10-140%.

Samples greater that 140% are recommended to be diluted 1:20 and retested.

- c. Traceability, Stability, Expected values (controls, calibrators, or methods):
- d. Detection limit:
- e. Analytical specificity: A heparin interference study was performed using plasma with a known normal protein S activity. Baseline protein S was measured, and then aliquots of the plasma were then prepared to contain I creased levels of unfractionated heparin (UFH) or low molecular weight heparin (LMWH). Results indicated that Cryo*CHECK*TM Clot STM is unaffected by UFH and LMWH up to 1.0 IU/mL.

A hirudin interference study was performed following the same study design as the heparin interference study. Results indicated that Cryo*CHECK*TM Clot STM may be affected by hirudin and other direct thrombin inhibitors. A statement indicating this has been included under the <u>Limitations of the Procedure</u> section of the package insert.

f. Assay cut-off:

2. Comparison studies:

a. Method comparison with predicate device:

3 site clinical study in which samples from patients referred for protein S testing were compared to the predicate device. Separate operators and instruments were used at each site. Laboratory A- y=0.818x-6.8, n=115, r=0.880, std error of slope = 13.9; Laboratory B- y=0.816x-5.7, n=120, r=0.875, std error of slope = 14.4; Laboratory C- y=0.943x+3.0, n=46, r=0.857, std error of slope = 18.7;

b. Matrix comparison:

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- a. Clinical Sensitivity:
- b. Clinical specificity:
- c. Other clinical supportive data (when a. and b. are not applicable):
- 4. Clinical cut-off:

5. <u>Expected values/Reference range:</u> 104 normal (normal PT, normal APTT, normal fibrinogen, neg APC, neg lupus anticoagulant, non medicated) individual donor samples were tested. Ages range from 18-67. 64 males, 40 females, and females were not taking oral contraceptives.

	Males	Females	Total Pop
n	64	40	104
Mean % Protein S	100.1	97.9	99.3
Standard Deviation	27.9	29.5	28.2

N. Proposed Labeling:

The labeling is sufficient and it satisfies the requirements of 21 CFR Part 809.10.

O. Conclusion:

The submitted information in this premarket notification is complete and supports a substantial equivalence decision.